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NEW L. A. THEATRE
Under direction of AL HAYMAN.
Tonight, Laughing Event. Matinee WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY.
The enormous Comedy Hit of the Century.
Charley's Aunt
By Brandon Thomas. Management of CHARLES FROHMAN.
Now being played Direct from Eastern Triumphs.
500 NIGHTS IN NEW YORK.
150 NIGHTS IN BOSTON.
150 NIGHTS IN CHICAGO.
PRICES—\$1.50, \$1.00, 75c, 50c and 25c. Seats selling rapidly.

IMPERIAL
THE SOCIETY VAUDEVILLE THEATRE—
MAIN ST. BETWEEN FIRST AND SECOND.
AN IMMENSE SUCCESS FROM THE STAGE.
Unanimous Praise From Crowded Audience. The Greatest Vaudeville Company Ever Seen Here.
MATINEE SUNDAY AT 2—THIS EVENING AT 8.
EVERY EVENING THIS WEEK, INCLUDING SUNDAY.
THE ONLY... BRAATZ BROS.
Also W. H. HELME, The Australian Baritone.
PRINCESS DOUGLOUKY, Viola Virtuosos from St. Petersburg, RUSSIA.
STELLA FOLLET, DEZARELLO.
COMING: DELACRELLI BROS., TROXILL and ORO, COYNE BROS., THE WONDERFUL "ABRHO," SANKKY BROS.
Evening prices—10c, 20c, 25c, 50c. Matinee prices—Reserved seats 25c. A good reserved seat for 35c. Children to any part of house 10c.
GRAND OPEN AIR CONCERTS EVERY EVENING FROM 7 TO 10.
IMPERIAL MILITARY BAND.

BENSON'S GRAND OPERA HOUSE
MONDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1894.
Every Evening—Saturday Matinee. Inaugural of the Opera Season. First presentation here of the merry farcical opera.
SHIP AHOY,
By H. Gratton Donnelly.
WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 3, Jonathan Club Night.

AGRICULTURAL PARK—
LOS ANGELES INDUSTRIAL PARK
October 15 to 20.
SENSATIONAL RACES EVERY DAY.
The Big Meeting of the Year.
A fine display in the New Pavilion. New Grand Stand.
Concerts every day—all at AGRICULTURAL PARK.
ADMISSION TO RACES AND PAVILION 50 CENTS.
Excursion rates on all railroads.
CAPT. J. O. NEWTON, President. E. E. BROWN, Superintendent. L. THORNE, Secretary.

HOTELS, RESORTS AND CAFES.
HOTEL NADEAU, European Plan.
NADEAU CAFE.
50 elegantly furnished rooms, 65 suites, with bath, supplied with all modern improvements. Rooms \$1 per day and upwards. NADEAU CAFE, C. E. AMIDON, Manager, is the finest in the city; private dining and banquet rooms. Liberally managed.
H. W. CHASE & CO.

WESTMINSTER HOTEL.
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS.
275 Rooms; 75 Suites with Private Bathrooms.
POTTER & JOHNSON, Proprietors.

ARROWHEAD HOT SPRINGS—THE FAMOUS MOUNTAIN HEALTH RESORT
of Southern California. Hotel first-class; lighted by electricity; heated by hot water from springs; overlooks San Bernardino, Riverside and Redlands; bus leaves Arrowhead Station 11:30 and 4 p.m.; San Bernardino 11:30 p.m. Postoffice and telephone at Springs. City office, Coulter's Dry Goods Store.

HOLLENBECK HOTEL CAFE
24 AND 26 W. SECOND ST.—THE FINEST for weddings. Oysters 50c per dozen. J. E. AULL & CO., Proprietors.

HOTEL RAMONA
CORNER SPRING AND THIRD STREETS. EUROPEAN plan. Quiet and homelike. Personal attention. Rates moderate. F. R. MALLORY, Proprietor.

HOTEL LINCOLN
SECOND AND HILL—FAMILY HOTEL. APPOINTMENTS equal to all points. THOS. PARSONS, Proprietor.

GRAND VIEW
MONROVIA, FAMOUS "GEM OF THE FOOTHILLS." FIRST-class; tourist parties a specialty. A. W. EITER, Proprietor.

THE SAN MARCOS HOTEL
SANTA BARBARA. STRICTLY FIRST-class; the finest climate on earth all the year.

MISCELLANEOUS.
SOME MORE
Decker Bros. Pianos.
MATCHLESS IN DESIGN. MATCHLESS IN TONE. MATCHLESS IN TOUCH.
KOHLER & CHASE, 233 S. Spring St.

BARTLETT'S MUSIC HOUSE.
We Offer Great Bargains in First-class PIANOS.
No one can name lower prices FOR CASH or INSTALLMENTS. Call and see the NEW PATENT PIANO MUTE, reduces tone 25 percent, and makes practice a pleasure. Can be put on any upright piano.
BARTLETT'S MUSIC HOUSE, 108 N. Spring St.

BARGAINS IN PIANOS—
The Fine Stock of Pianos of the Estate of the late F. Mahten.
If you want a bargain call at once as they are going fast.
Gardner & Zellner, 213 S. Broadway.
See list under "For Sale, Miscellaneous," in this paper.

HENRY J. KRAMER'S
School of Dancing.
Juvenile class for beginners will form Saturday afternoon, October 6, at 1:30; advance class at 8:30. Adult class formers Monday and Thursday evenings, commencing Oct. 8, at 8 p.m. Adult advance class, Wednesday evening only, commencing Oct. 10, at 8 p.m. References required from all applicants. Private instruction at appointed hours. ACADEMY 120 W. FIFTH STREET.

SCHOOL FOR PHYSICAL TRAINING,
ELOCUTION AND DANCING.
Ladies' Physical Training class meets forenoon, Misses and Children after school hours. Tuition for one-half year \$10. Elocution class for young people Wednesday 7:30 p.m. Classes for children. Adult dancing class begins Friday, Oct. 4, at 7:30 p.m.; young children, Oct. 6, at 3 p.m.; misses and masters 3:30 p.m. \$10 for 20 lessons. All classes select. MISS NAOMA ALFREY, 226 S. Spring St.

LOS ANGELES INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION
APPLY FOR SPACE.
EXPOSITION BUILDING, FIFTH AND OLIVE, LOS ANGELES, AND SAN FRANCISCO, MILLS' BLDG., SECOND FLOOR, ROOM 3.
J. A. BROWN, General Manager.

BUY THE WHITNEY
MAKER TRUNK FACTORY, 341 NORTH MAIN Street.

THE MORNING'S NEWS

The Times

ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS BRIEFLY.

BY TELEGRAPH: Most Awful scenes on the Chinese warship Chen-Yuen; the deck strewn with human fragments and gore; gossip concerning Prince Kung and the successor to the throne—Little Rock, Ark., struck by a cyclone; several people killed and injured and a million dollars worth of property demolished—Two hundred lives lost by Cuban floods—Destruction elsewhere by wind and water—Fitzsimmons is declared the champion of the world; Corbett issues a card stating his views of the Olympic Club's action and challenging the whole world—A train disaster at Oakland, Cal.; a smoking-car jumps a trestle and falls into the water; one man killed and several injured—The Lexow Committee at New York develops some startling information about clubbing by politicians—Gov. McKinley addresses a mammoth audience at Kansas City; A stage robbed near Yreka, Cal.—Senator Allison discusses the sugar question at Tipton, Iowa; political pointers and nominations—A veteran has his hand shot off while firing a salute to Budd—Worden and his companions on trial at Woodland for attempted train-wrecking—The Carbonado, Wash., man-hunt; the search begins in earnest—An "ex-flying lady" and chewing-gum girl becomes an heiress—Senator Hill has not yet accepted the nomination for Governor—News from the Connecticut and Florida elections.

Dispatches were also received from Portland, Or.; Tacoma, San Francisco, Benicia, Parkersburg, W. Va.; New York, Chicago, Stockton, St. Joseph, Mo.; Spokane, Wash. and other places.

THE CITY.
Ordinance of intention for the proposed bond election passed by the Council—Application for a franchise to electrify the Kuhn's street and other railway lines presented to the Council—A decision by Judge Clark on some points in the Pratt will contest—Closing sessions of the M. M. Conference—Meeting of the Police Commissioners—Another communication from Superintendent Search on increasing the school facilities.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.
Proceedings of the Pasadena City Council—Encouraging reports from the desert mining regions of San Bernardino county—The tramp nuisance being felt at Riverside—Important decision against the Populists by the District Attorney of Orange county.

"COL." MCCLURE.
A Well-known Politician Dies in a Hotel.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.
CHICAGO, Oct. 2.—Col. J. David McClure, once a wealthy and refined Southerner and a politician of some note, was found dead last night on a dirty cot in the basement of a 5-cent lodging-house in Custom-house place.

"Col. McClure, as he was known, was born at Madison, Ind., fifty years ago. His father, Dr. McClure, was one of the most respected citizens of the place and gave to his son, for a time, proper education. When "Col." McClure arrived at manhood he went to Louisville, Ky., where he married, his wife's family being of the blue blood of Kentucky. On the breaking out of the war he returned to Madison and enlisted for the Union in a regiment from that place as a private, served all through the war and returned home with the rank of captain. He again went to Louisville, shortly afterward inherited an estate worth \$100,000. His friends were legion, his enemies none. He soon began to go down hill and, by the time his fortune had been squandered, his wife persuaded him to start life anew and to give up his old habits.

When Grover Cleveland was inaugurated Col. McClure was appointed to a position under the Internal Revenue Collector at Louisville. This position he lost with the change of administration in 1888, and then he came to Chicago, and, for a time, prospered. But discouragement attending the loss of income and employment led him to resort to his former habits, and, step by step, he went downward, until the end came in a miserable hotel.

SET ON FIRE.
A Hunting Party Broken Up by a Powder Explosion.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.
PERRY (Okla.), Oct. 2.—An accident occurred last night, ten miles north of here, by which one man will lose his life and probably several others will die. Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Slade and their daughter and Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Stewart and their four children started on a hunt for plover, and, as they were crossing a fork of Black Bear Creek, a large package of powder ignited and the clothing of every person in the wagon was set on fire.

Stewart, who was driving, was blown out of the wagon, as also was Mrs. Slade and her daughter. Stewart's clothing was burning, and he fell against the horses, and they ran away. Stewart was horribly mangled and burned. The other persons jumped into the creek, and succeeded in putting the fire out, but not until several of the party were severely burned. The entire party had nearly all their clothing burned off them. All were taken to a small country store near by, and physicians summoned, but it is thought that Stewart, two of his children and Miss Slade cannot live.

Prof. Swing Ill.
CHICAGO, Oct. 2.—Prof. David Swing, the noted divine, who has been ill for two weeks, is in a critical condition. He is suffering from stomach disorder, and last night the disease affected his brain. Since then he has been unconscious, and all efforts to arouse him are unavailing.

WAS GHASTLY.

Awful Loss of Life on the Chen-Yuen.

The Decks Strawn With Human Flesh.

A Brave Gunner Sticks to His Post and Drives Off the Naniwa.

Speculation Concerning the Succession to the Chinese Throne—Prince Kung and His Son—Japanese Parliament.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.
LONDON, Oct. 2.—(By Atlantic Cable.) A British naval officer attached to the Chinese naval squadron, engaged in the fight off the mouth of the Yalu River, has written a letter to the Graphic, in which he says: "On board the warship Chen-Yuen, the fighting was awful. The decks and space around the guns were strewn with human fragments. Three of the five men working on the four-ton guns were blown up by a shell from the Japanese warship Naniwa. The fourth gunner was shot while trying to escape from the turret, and the fifth stuck to his post. This man fired three rounds at the Naniwa, one shell entering the engine-room of the Japanese ship, and another crushing her forebridge. The Naniwa then halted off. The Chinese admiral rewarded the surviving gunner with a present of 1000 taels."

"A shell glanced from the steel deck of the Chen-Yuen and went through her tower, shattering everything therein. A lieutenant, in the act of speaking through a tube leading to the engine-room, was blown into atoms, and his head was left hanging to the speaking pipes. Huge fragments of armor were carried on board by the shot, crushing a large number of sailors into a shapeless mass. The European engineer groping about in an endeavor to repair the steam pipe, was drenched from head to foot with the blood of an assistant, who was disemboweled by a shot from the enemy's ship."

The writer expresses the opinion that if European rulers could have seen the decks of the Chen-Yuen they would have sworn war forever.
PRINCE KUNG.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—Prince Kung, who has been recalled to the Imperial favor in China and placed at the head of the Privy Council, is said by diplomats who have known him personally to be one of the ablest and most ardent statesmen in the Chinese Empire. He has behind him a long record of distinguished service beginning in 1860 and running until April, 1884, when he fell into disgrace. He was the founder of the Tung-Li-Yamen or Privy Council; has a broad knowledge of foreign affairs, and, to his courage and energy in remaining at Peking in 1861, when the British occupied the place and the imperial family fled, due the very existence of the reigning dynasty.

In April, 1884, the Emperor dismissed him from his office in disgrace, in his decree asserting that, probably on account of broken health, he had become careless and neglectful of his duties. He has since recovered and, while he is now in the strictest sense a private citizen, he is a vigorous and alert man.
During his retirement from office he had always opposed Li-Hung-Chang, the Viceroy, and his restoration is taken here to mean the ascendancy of his party over Li-Hung-Chang, and it is also believed that he stands committed to a vigorous policy of the Emperor's endeavor to force the fighting with the Japanese instead of following the Fabian policy of Li-Hung-Chang, who must give place to Kung in the direction of affairs.

So far as known here, Prince Kung had but one son, a youth of many habits, who died in a fit of dissipation many years ago. Should he have a second son, it is not believed here that he would endeavor to place him on the throne and displace the reigning Emperor as the Empress would scarcely put him in a place where he could destroy her own son unless she felt confident of his loyalty.

SKIRMISH OFFICIALS.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The officials of the Chinese Legation were very incredulous today of the reports from Shanghai that the Chinese Emperor was about to be deposed and his place occupied by a son of Prince Kung. It is pointed out that Prince Kung has been in retirement so long and his name is so little known in political affairs that there is no reasonable basis for crediting such an internal revolution as might overthrow the Emperor.

The official draft of the new treaty between China and the United States, as recently signed in China, is now on its way to the legation here. It is expected the President's proclamation making the treaty effective in this country will be the next step taken.

THOSE MYSTERIOUS MOVEMENTS.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The officials here who have been closely watching the progress of the war in the east are puzzled to account for the landing of 5000 Japanese troops at Posen, Bay, as announced officially from Tien-Tsin. This bay lies in the eastern boundary of Korea and the Russian maritime provinces. It is not believed that any Chinese troops are in the neighborhood, and the country is too rugged and barren to warrant the plan of marching the troops overland clear across Korea to join the army advancing on Moukden and it is considered conceivable that the Japanese are preparing to resist a possible advance by the Russian troops from the north into Korea.

The purpose of the other movement reported from Tien-Tsin, the reconnoitering by the Japanese fleet of the Chinese coast near Shang-Hai-Kwan is more reasonable and apparent. Shang-Hai-Kwan lies on the boundary between the Chinese provinces of Manchuria and Chi-Li at the eastern end of the great wall which traverses China. It is directly on the railroad building from Tien-Tsin to Moukden

and, as the line is already in operation between it and Tien-Tsin, the town is a place of great strategic advantage. Should the Japanese effect its capture and land an army there would be nothing in the way of a rapid advance on Peking from the capital, and unless the Chinese resistance is more formidable than it has been so far, the march could be made in a week or ten days.

NEAR THE FRONTIER.

TIENTSIN, Oct. 2.—It is officially announced that 5000 Japanese troops have arrived close to Posen Bay, near the Russian frontier. Previous to this announcement it was reported here that the Japanese fleet had been sighted on September 29, ten miles from Shang-Hai-Kwan, 200 miles from Peking. Large bodies of Chinese troops have been drafted to that district in the last few days, to prevent the Japanese landing.

FINICKY CHINAMEN.

SHANGHAI, Oct. 2.—The anti-foreigner feeling at Peking is increasing hourly, and the authorities find it difficult to repress outbreaks of the Chinese population. The leading Chinese representatives at Peking fear that if the Japanese march upon Peking the capital will be captured, as the Chinese soldiers gathered to defend it are dissatisfied and unreliable. It is reported that Li-Hung-Chang has received orders not to proceed to Korea.

THE JAPANESE PARLIAMENT.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The Japanese Legation has received advice as to the political complexion of the Japanese Parliament, which was recently elected and is about to convene. It shows that the Emperor will have solid support in prosecuting the war. The elections have shown that there will be no division on the war issue and that the forthcoming Parliament will give heavy appropriations for the army and navy.

YEH WAS KILLED.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—A dispatch from Tokio says the dispatches from Ping-Yang give an account of the finding of the body of Gen. Yeh among the killed after the battle at that place.

CLUB AND FIST.

NEW YORK POLICEMEN USE THEM FREELY.

Some Interesting Facts Brought Out by the Lexow Investigating Committee—Citizens Assailed.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—Chief Counsel Goff surprised the Lexow Committee today when he subpoenaed the members of the force convicted of clubbing citizens during the past year, but who, for some reason, have retained their positions on the force. The feature of the day, however, was the testimony of the men accused of clubbing citizens. Many surprising stories of inhumanity were told by the witnesses. A son of Rev. Dr. John Hall, the Presbyterian divine, claimed he had been forbidden to enter a station house because he had gone there to protest against an assault by an officer upon an Italian fruit peddler. A Columbia College student told of assaults of the policemen made upon the students while they were building bonfires in a vacant lot to celebrate one of their victories. Thomas Lucas said he had caught a thief who stole \$4 from him. By way of reply the policeman clubbed him, inflicting wounds upon his head. It required twenty-seven stitches to patch him up, and when he reached the police station the policeman punched him in the face.

Policeman George Lacey was accused of clubbing a woman and tried to tear her cheek by inserting his finger between her lips. Policeman Rohring acknowledged that he had broken a boy's jaw, but claimed that this particular case of clubbing was accidental.

Goff added that, of four dismissals, only one was for clubbing citizens, the other three being for clubbing brother officers. Then Goff made this astounding statement: "Policemen commit felonies which would put a civilian in prison, and are only punished by a fine. A citizen may be beaten, and the brutal officer will only have the fear of a probable fine of three days' pay. We call your attention to the perjury committed when these policemen are brought to trial. To quote the language of the Police Commissioner, 'the air of the police headquarters trial-room is blue with perjury.'"

Lawyer Moss was sworn. He testified that he was counsel for the Parkhurst Society, and a member of the Executive Committee. He then told of the efforts of the West Twenty-seventh-street Property Owners' Association to purify the block. Alexander S. Williams sent a wardman around to an indignation meeting to tell them to drop the work or he would club them out of the precinct. Moss said that he replied: "Go tell your captain that he will explode a can of dynamite if he tackles us. Then the witnesses told how Williams had been brought to trial in July, 1887, and, although the evidence was complete, he was acquitted on a tie vote.

THEY "KNOCKED DOWN."

Three Conductors on the Grand Trunk are Arrested.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

TORONTO (Ont.), Oct. 2.—High Constable Bissonnet of Montreal has arrived in the city with a warrant for the arrest of three passenger conductors of the Grand Trunk Railway. Two are now in custody, Fred Lambin and C. A. Freese. The charge is that they allowed passengers to board without paying their fare, on having paid their fares, appropriating the money to their own use.

The Grand Trunk seems to have unearthed a plot to defraud it. A few days ago two young men, Harry Wilkinson and Edgar Talbot, were arrested in Montreal on a charge of forging railway passes. This led to the arrest in that city of Conductors John Mulligan and John Stone. The charge was altered to that of defrauding the company out of the price of tickets. The arrests made in Toronto were a sequel to those made in Montreal.

THE TRAIN-ROBBERS.

Officers are Hot on the Trail—Capture Hourly Expected.

TUCSON (Ariz.), Oct. 2.—There are no doubt developments in the train-robbery. The officers are hot on the trail of the bandits and capture is hourly expected. Intense excitement continues here.

IN DARKNESS.

Little Rock Struck by a Cyclone.

Property Worth \$1,000,000 Destroyed.

Several People Known to Have Been Killed and Others are Injured.

Floods in Oklahoma—Destruction at Wichita—A Family is Blown Away—Two Hundred Lost in Cuban Floods.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

LITTLE ROCK (Ark.), Oct. 2.—A terrible cyclone struck this city at 7:30 o'clock this evening, and almost devastated the business portion of the city. Several people are known to have been killed, and many are injured. The main portion of the business center, bounded on the south by the railroad, north by the river front, on the west by Center street, and on the east by Commercial street, is practically in ruins, and the amount of damage is incalculable. The total property loss will probably approximate \$500,000.

The cyclone was accompanied by a terrific storm, and the stocks of goods in those business-houses that were unroofed, though not otherwise injured, are destroyed by water. The storm struck the State penitentiary, which stands on a hill in the western part of the city, with fearful force, destroying the dining-room, tearing down the stable and shops, unroofing the drain cell building and demolishing the warden's office. Several convicts were seriously injured, one of whom died an hour afterward.

Down town the lightning struck the Martin Block, corner of Spring and Second streets, totally wrecking the third floor. A man named Eaton was fatally injured there. The Tulsa building, corner of Center and Oak streets, was unroofed and a part of the fourth floor of the Gleason Hotel was blown away. At Main and Second streets, the tops of several adjacent buildings he piled up in an indiscriminate heap. The most damage, however, was done to property on Markham and Culbert streets. Nearly every building in this district is unroofed, and many are totally wrecked. The large three-story building at Markham and Culbert streets, occupied by the B. H. McCarthy Company, is a total wreck; as is also the two-story building on the opposite corner, occupied by Max Edlin's saloon. The third story of the Old Deming House was blown off and the several stores under it were flooded with water and filled with debris.

The streets are filled with tin roofs, electric wires and other wreckage, and it will be several days before the extent of the damage can be accurately known. The large cotton warehouse situated at Second and Scott streets, owned by J. H. Bachum, was wrecked. It fell on the Western Union Telegraph office, next door, and wrecked it, thus cutting off all telegraphic communication with the points. The city is in the deepest darkness. Recruiting parties are busy searching for the wounded, but a list of the casualties is unobtainable.

Among those known to have been seriously and probably fatally injured are C. H. Monroe, member of the Arkansas Legislature, and H. Eaton, Sam Smith, an eminent citizen, is also badly wounded. Others are known to be more or less injured, but the names are not obtainable. All kinds of rumors are afloat, one to the effect that the insane asylum, in which 600 patients are confined, had been blown only pushed by a fine. A citizen may be beaten, and the brutal officer will only have the fear of a probable fine of three days' pay. We call your attention to the perjury committed when these policemen are brought to trial. To quote the language of the Police Commissioner, 'the air of the police headquarters trial-room is blue with perjury.'"

LATER.—The loss to property it is now estimated will amount to at least \$1,000,000. The damage to the insane asylum will reach \$100,000 and that to the prison \$60,000. The Capital and Richelieu hotels were badly damaged. The streets are covered with wires and debris from the wrecked buildings. Six electric motors are piled on the track on Main street with heavy rafters and poles, and will be a total loss. The offices of the main buildings of the penitentiary were torn away and completely demolished.

A stampede took place among the convicts, but Superintendent McConnell and assistants soon succeeded in quieting them. Fortunately, 450 of the convicts had been taken to the Sunnyside plantation, a few days ago. At the insane asylum was found the greatest wreck. The roofs of the main buildings were completely demolished and several wards caved in, destroying everything inside. Several insane patients made their escape, but were captured. It is not known how many inmates were injured or killed, and many were supposed to be buried in the ruins. The confusion is too great there to learn anything tonight. Dr. Jacob Ingate, who came here several months ago from Mobile, Ala., to accept a position in the asylum was killed.

DAMAGED BY FLOODS.

PERRY (Okla.), Oct. 2.—In a severe rain-storm last night many business houses were flooded. Here and there a cyclone, ten miles north, much damage was done to goods in the stores.

THE WICHITA TORNADO.

WICHITA (Kan.), Oct. 2.—In the tornado which played leapfrog through the northern part of the city last night, twisted out of shape and removed from their foundations, yet the occupants suffered no harm except bruises and scratches, and not a single fatality is reported. From here the twister lifted and disappeared northwest. From what can be learned from surrounding towns, the tornado seems to have been confined to Wichita.

A PREDICTION FOR THE COAST.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 2.—The weather will probably be fair tomorrow in California, but threatening along the coast.

VICTIMS OF THE TWISTER.

PAWNEE (Nebr.), Oct. 2.—A cyclone struck the house of John Nelson, seven

miles south of here, at 9 o'clock last night. A family of seven persons were blown into an adjoining field. A girl of 13 years of age had a stick driven through her skull. She cannot live. Five others were severely injured.

EXCESSIVE FLOODS IN CUBA.

HAVANA, Oct. 2.—Owing to excessive rains on the 23d and 24th, the rivers Sagua, Yaguajay, and Manzanilla have flooded the surrounding country and inundated the towns of Sagua, Cienfuegos, Lajas, St. Juan, and San Domingo. At Sagua the water is from eighteen to forty-five feet deep. Three thousand families are homeless, and the inhabitants have sought salvation on the roofs of two-story buildings, which alone are not under water.

The loss of life is estimated at 200, while the damage to property will reach \$4,000,000. Some seventy houses have been destroyed and 200 more are badly damaged. Much furniture and merchandise have been swept away and many head of cattle have been drowned. Electric plants and gas works have suffered heavily. Many sugar houses and cane fields are under water. The sugar crop is seriously compromised. Forty-seven houses have been destroyed at Santa Cruz, Del Sur, and a pier there was also wrecked. Communications have been interrupted for four days. Subscriptions for the relief of the sufferers by floods are being organized.

SHE IS SPY.

The Big Battleship Maine Praised by Commander Bunce.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—The battleship Maine continues to be the scene of much activity. All possible speed is being made to fit her for the pending official trial, and, though the alterations and adjustments found necessary since the initial appearance of the Maine in water were trifling. Some days at least must elapse before she will again go to sea.

"The vessel," said Commander Bunce, "is still in the hands of the contractors. There is really very little to be done. We know absolutely nothing about the details and the whole matter rests with the contractors. On the trip a few days ago, nothing of account was recorded regarding her speed. It was purely what might be termed an engine exercise, and the newspaper returns must be regarded for what they are worth."

Continuing Commander Bunce said, with evident interest: "Our American official trials are much more severe than those resorted to in England. Their test ground is a measured mile. Now, with us we go for a four hours' spin to show horsepower of 9000, and I recollect when it was on the Atlantic, we had two classed trials before she passed into the hands of the American government."

Referring to the steering capabilities of the Maine, Capt. Bunce said: "To look at the Maine, one would think she was a big, lumbering, unwieldy thing. She is nothing of the sort. She answers the slightest action of her helm and comes to hand quicker than any ship I have ever seen on."

"BLOODY MONDAY."

A Time-honored Custom at Harvard Is Given Over.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

CAMBRIDGE (Mass.), Oct. 2.—"Bloody Monday" night, the occasion of the time-honored rush between the Harvard freshmen and sophomores bade fair last evening to be even more of a bloodbath than the one of the previous year. The freshmen and sophomores gathered in the yard, cheering and preparing to rush each other when Prof. Sumner appeared on the scene. He appealed to both classes as Harvard men to disperse and to do away with the last vestige of hazing. He explained that the corporation had voted to discontinue every form of hazing and to rely on the students' sense of honor. Then H. C. Quimby, '96, led the freshmen about the yard, cheering the college buildings. Finally, with some reluctance, '98 cheered '97 and '97 responded. The students dispersed without any serious disturbance for an hour or so, but there was no organization on either side. Many freshmen had "punches" in their rooms, to which the upper classmen were invited. The nonsensical "Bloody Monday" fights will probably never occur again with their old brutality.

ABOVE AND WALKED.

Marvelous Scene Witnessed by a Physician at Lourdes.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

MONTREAL (Que.), Oct. 2.—Mrs. Bourque, wife of Engineer Bourque, medical superintendent of L'Assommoir Asylum, returned from Lourdes, France, last night on the steamer Oregon, in company with her husband and brother, Dr. Desjardins. She went to Lourdes as a pilgrim, having been given up as an incurable victim of peritonitis by many physicians. She returned apparently cured of her malady.

Dr. Desjardins described the scene at Lourdes. He said: "Mme. Bourque was taken to the shrine at Notre Dame de Lourdes on August 21, and I stood watching her in the night. She was a true pilgrim. As the great procession moved up the church aisle, I heard a reverend father call out: 'All you who have faith rise up and follow the Master.' Instantly, as if by magic, paralyses and the weak and maimed rose up and followed. With my own eyes I watched fifteen formerly helpless victims rise with a shout of triumph and follow in the procession. Among them was Mme. Bourque, who, up to that time had been lying helpless. Since then she has been cured."

HORRIBLE BUTCHERY.

A Prisoner Out to Pieces by His Cell Mate.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

MOSCOW (Idaho), Oct. 2.—A horrible butchery occurred at the County Jail last night. Joe Roberts, a United States insane criminal, literally cut to pieces with a knife John White, another United States prisoner, awaiting trial for selling liquor to Indians.

White was arrested at Coeur d'Alene a short time ago. Roberts killed a fellow-soldier at Fort Sherman two years ago, and was adjudged insane. A United States Marshal left with Roberts for the Washington, D. C., insane asylum today.

Capt. Howgate.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—Henry W. Howgate, arrested last week for the embezzlement of government funds, will be taken to Washington for trial. His removal was delayed because of a change of deputies in the United States Marshall's office.

THE STATE MILITIA.

Important Changes are Suggested by Gen. Allen.

He Thinks the Major-General and Staff Officers Should Be Abolished.

He Also Favors Reorganizing the Entire Force into Three Brigades Instead of Six—Cutting Off Officers.

The forthcoming report of Brig.-Gen. C. C. Allen, Adjutant-General of the National Guard of California, promises to be an interesting document. The San Francisco Chronicle of Monday prints a synopsis of the report, which has not yet left the hands of the public printer, from which the following is taken:

"In making his report, Gen. Allen dwells at some length on the efficiency of the National Guard as compared with other States, and the status of the guard at the time of the last report thereon. The armed strength of the State, including officers and men, is 15,500. Of this number, 700 are supplied with the latest improved Springfield rifle, and the remainder with old, obsolete arms, which are practically useless. The entire guard is now completely untrained throughout, and about one-half have the full equipment of canteens, haversacks and knapsacks. Many of these, however, were not a part of the National Guard equipment until purchased recently for use in the railroad troubles. The mounted troops, staff and field officers, have been equipped with the latest Colt revolver, 300 having been purchased by Adj. Gen. Allen.

"The State troops have a liberal allowance of camp equipment, yet there are many companies which have neither tents, cooking or camp outfits. The medical corps receive attention in the report. To this important branch of the State service Gen. Allen has added by purchase one case of surgical instruments, purchased during the recent strike at a cost of \$75, as the guard was found to be without any surgical appliances excepting those owned by regimental surgeons as their personal property. Of medicines the State has never purchased one ounce. Gen. Allen will urge a more liberal allowance of this important branch, the previous allowance of the hospital service being only \$500.

"In reviewing the service of the State troops for the year, Gen. Allen will endeavor to give the actual number of men called into the service and the number of miles of railroad track guarded during the period of the great strike. He will embody in this report the actual number of days State troops were on duty, and the kind of duty performed.

"The expense of the maintenance of the troops will receive mention as well. At first it was concluded that the total cost of the National Guard for pay, rations and wear of arms, horses and equipment, would exceed \$300,000. This figure, however, is found to be an overestimate. Already Col. Murray, of the Adjutant-General's staff, has the work of adding the pay-rolls, commissary and quartermaster bills well in hand, and it is estimated that the expense will be below \$250,000. Many of the bills rendered are extravagant, and in some cases articles are billed at 100 per cent. increase over local current prices. It goes without saying that these figures will be cut, and a reasonable price substituted.

"In a summary of his report Adj. Gen. Allen will make a strong appeal to have the National Guard reorganized, and as previously stated, he will urge a more liberal allowance of arms and equipment. In California there are more officers in comparison to the number of privates than in any other State in the Union. New York State, with over 10,000 troops, has less than one-half the number of officers as compared with California. California has one officer to every nine privates. To relieve this burden, Adj. Gen. Allen proposes some sweeping changes, which, if carried into effect by the State Legislature, will cause a general change of shoulder straps, stars, eagles and bars.

"First of all, in reorganizing the militia, it will be suggested to form the entire State Guard into three brigades instead of six, as at present. This will do away with three brigade staffs, as follows: Three brigadier-generals, three assistant adjutant-generals, three brigade surgeons, three brigade judge advocates, three brigade ordnance officers, six brigade signal officers, three brigade paymasters, three brigade quartermasters, three brigade engineers, three brigade inspectors of rifle practice, three brigade commissaries and six brigade aids-de-camp, or forty-eight brigade officers.

"But Gen. Allen, in order to bring the National Guard into a more efficient condition, does not stop there. He will urge the abolition of the major-general and his entire staff. His suggestions also advise the doing away with all paymasters throughout the guard, and in urging their abolition he quotes for his reasons the State law which prohibits the paymasters of the National Guard from being disbursing officers. At present the office of paymaster in the National Guard is an empty honor and no utility to the State when the National Guard is called into actual service.

"If Gen. Allen's recommendations are carried out, the officers of division and brigade quartermaster and commissary will be things of the past. In the reorganization it is proposed to work upon different lines, so that the existing staff officers will have the care of their regiment. This will be particularly the case with regimental quartermasters and commissaries. Under the present system these officers are frequently hampered in the execution of their duties by the countermanding orders of brigade staff quartermasters and commissary officers.

"In reorganizing the National Guard the brigades will be more concentrated than under the present system. This follows for two reasons. The brigade headquarters will be more centrally located, and the annual encampments can be held at a better advantage to the troops participating. Adj. Gen. Allen will call the attention of the commander-in-chief to the equipment of the guard, and urge the passing of a special appropriation for its proper equipment. An armed, out of the money available only 700 stands of improved arms could be purchased this year. The past labor troubles have clearly demonstrated the necessity of the National Guard being thoroughly equipped in every particular.

"An effort will be made to have the State provide the proper tents, equipment, machines, ambulances and surgical appliances. To do this, it is hoped to command a liberal appropriation.

"Gen. Allen's report should be ready for the consideration of the commander-in-chief by the 15th inst., as it has been in the hands of the State Printer, in part, for some days.

As to Fido's Remains.

"He was a beautiful little dog," said the caller, doing her best to be sympathetic. "It must be a real bereavement to have to lose him. Can't you take his remains to the taxidermist?"

"I think," said Mrs. Grefenst, with a "burst" of tears, "we had already paid the taxes on him."

IN SOCIAL SPHERES.

Will F. Felton, one of the oldest employees of the Downey-avenue cable, surprised all his friends yesterday morning by marrying Miss Effie Weaver of this city. They started soon after the ceremony for the North to spend their honeymoon. They intend to visit the bride's brother and sister, before their return, which will be in about four weeks.

Mrs. J. R. Richards has returned from San Diego. Cards are out announcing the marriage of John Franklin Burns of this city and Miss Fannie Helen, daughter of William H. Cartwright, a prominent citizen of Grand Rapids, Mich., the wedding to take place at 11 o'clock on the morning of October 9, at the home of the bride's parents. Mr. Burns was for several years the proprietor of the Hotel Roma, and is well and favorably known here.

Miss Edith Norviel and Anna Mathew have returned to the city, after a pleasure trip of ten days.

Frank Irving and bride have arrived in Los Angeles, and will be at home to their many friends after October 3, at No. 646 South Hill street.

Get ready for a merry social season. W. M. Edwards Company, society's stationers and engravers.

THE PRATT CASE.

THE HEARING WILL BE RESUMED THIS MORNING.

A Decision by Judge Clark Settling Some Points as to the Admissibility of Certain Evidence.

The further hearing in the noted Pratt case was continued until this morning, to permit several of the attorneys interested in the calling of the trial calendar to attend in Department Four.

Judge Clark yesterday handed down a decision on several questions which have arisen during the progress of the trial, touching the admissibility of certain evidence, which has been the subject of argument at great length, as follows:

"First—The codicil offered for probate herein purports to have been executed on June 3, 1885. One of the issues to be submitted to the jury is: Was the decedent, at the time of the execution of said codicil, of sound mind? The contestants claim that the mind of the decedent was impaired by the shock occasioned by the death of her son, Charles P. Pratt, which occurred in February, 1885, and that this impairment was permanent and progressive in character, and was the cause of the decedent's death. Some evidence has been offered and received, tending in degree, to show that the mind of the decedent was more or less affected by her son's death and prior to June, 1885. Contestants now offer to prove by two witnesses, Mrs. Grace Gougher and Catherine Gaffney, the condition of decedent's mind at a period subsequent to the alleged execution of the codicil. They offer to qualify these witnesses as attesting witnesses. To this the proponents object, upon the ground that it is incompetent and immaterial, in that it relates to a period subsequent to the execution of the codicil.

"Second—The will offered for probate purports to have been executed April 23, 1881. As one of the grounds of opposition to the probate thereof the complaint in contest alleges in substance that in the year 1884, the testator, Annie A. Pratt, executed a will in writing, signed the same in the presence of two attesting witnesses; acknowledged the same to be her will, to said witnesses and they in her presence, and at her request subscribed the names thereof as attesting witnesses. Said instrument is not produced and there is no allegation that it is lost or was fraudulently destroyed, or destroyed by the testator with the intent to revoke the same. Neither is there any allegation of its information and belief that it did, among other things, contain a provision and clause wherein it was stated that all wills and codicils theretofore made by her were by said instrument revoked. In support of this ground of opposition the contestants, after laying a foundation for the introduction of secondary evidence, called to the stand C. F. Hanlon and offered to prove by him that in the year 1884 the said testator did execute a will containing a clause; that he, as the attorney of decedent, prepared the will and at her request subscribed his name thereto as attesting witness. To this line of proof the proponents object and urge that such proof of revocation is not admissible under the pleadings, and, if admissible, that the testimony of the witness Hanlon should not be received, because it falls within the rule of privileged communications."

On both points the objections are overruled.

September Weather.

The monthly meteorological summary gives the mean barometer for September as 30.1; highest, 30.02 on the 14th; lowest, 29.77 on the 12th. Mean temperature, 69 deg.; 99 deg. on the 15th; lowest, 49 deg. on the 29th. Total precipitation, .73 of an inch. Average precipitation for this month for sixteen years, .46 of an inch; in precipitation during month, .67 of an inch; total precipitation from September 1, 1894, to date, .73 of an inch; average precipitation from September 1, 1894, to date, .67 of an inch; total excess from September 1, 1894, to date, .67 of an inch; average rainfall for ten wet seasons, 2.18 inches.

SHARP & SAMSON, funeral directors, No. 524 South Spring street. Tel. No. 1029.

Its Fame Will Live.



The World's Columbian Exposition marked the climax of human achievement. It will live in memory of the crowning glory of modern times. No other development of the closing century can compare with it in practical benefit to mankind.

Who that exhibited is not proud of it? Who that failed to exhibit does not regret the omission? The former are the people of to-day. The latter are relics of the past.

No honor so high as that embodied in an award at the fair. Competition was world-wide, the fruits of ripest experience and noblest endeavors were submitted for examination.

Honest tribunals, composed of eminent scientists, examined and passed upon the claims of exhibitors. Their judgement based on inquiry and justice, proves conclusively the value of any article they commend.

Their approval was stamped on

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

It received the highest award at the fair from a jury headed by the Chief Chemist of the U. S. Department of Agriculture. Dr. Price's was officially commended for highest leavening power, purity, keeping qualities and general excellence.

HOTEL DEL CORONADO

RATES REDUCED

during the balance of the season to

\$2.50 a Day

by the week for board and room

In \$3.50 and \$4.00 Rooms.

Finest swimming tanks and surf bathing on the coast. The new boulevard between ocean and bay makes the finest driveway and bicycle track in the west.

Round trip ticket and week's board \$21

Coronado Agency, 123 N. Spring St., Los Angeles

TEMPERED WITH MERCY.

MANY CANDIDATES FOR POLICE COURT JUSTICE.

It Was a Two-dollar Day and the Drunks Were Let Off With Light Sentences—The Murphy-Stoetzer Row.

There was a large aggregation of petty criminals on hand to be treated to allotments of Justice Seaman's favors in the Police Court yesterday. The crowd was made up largely of drunks who had taken advantage of the intervening holiday to become intoxicated while the streets enjoyed a vacation. It was a two-dollar day with Justice Seaman, and one after another of the reprobates were ordered to pay two "cart wheels" apiece into the city treasury or spend a couple of days toiling on the First-street hill. A number of box-car lodgers were allowed to go free on condition that they would take themselves to new pastures, where vagrancy is less a crime than it is in this city. Incidentally in the course of the routine work, A. Watson was fined \$10 for disturbing the peace; Ah Yeck was fined \$15 for playing fan tan and Ah Ling paid \$10 for the pleasure he had experienced in acting on the streets in a tumultuous and offensive manner.

The sensation of the afternoon, a very mild one, by the way, was the trial of Anton Stoetzer and Harry Zell for battery. Fitzgerald Murphy was the complaining witness, and the trial resulted in the conviction of Stoetzer and the discharge of Zell. The affair in which the men mentioned were principals occurred in front of the Hollenbeck Hotel Friday evening. Murphy and Stoetzer had some difficulty previously, and when Stoetzer walked up to the cigar stand and saw the former standing by the show-case he applied a vile and disgusting epithet to him, and started toward the smaller man. Murphy informed him that he wanted no trouble, but Stoetzer repeated his bad language and struck at Murphy with his fist, hitting him squarely in the face. Murphy thereupon seized his cane and struck back and then the combatants were parted.

Zue G. Puck, who is celebrated for his ability to talk against time in long-winded arguments, endeavored to convince Justice Austin that he should be allowed to introduce a great length of dilatory testimony of an irrelevant nature in defense of the defendant. The attorney wanted to show that the trouble between the men justified the battery, but the court firmly held to the rule of law and sustained repeated objections to this class of testimony. Stoetzer will appear for sentence later in the week.

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SHARP & SAMSON, funeral directors, No. 524 South Spring street. Tel. No. 1029.

JACOBY BRO'S

128 to 134 N. Spring St., through to Main.

How Quick the News has Spread.

Only last Sunday we announced through the daily press that we would put on sale Monday morning 2000 Boys' Suits, bought of the bankrupt firm of Charles Levy & Co., 648 Broadway, New York city, at

50c on the Dollar

WHICH WOULD BE SOLD BY US AT...

Half Price.

Monday our selling capacities in the Boys' Department were taxed to their utmost limit, and yesterday—Tuesday—the rush was still greater.

FAIR WARNING.

New and elegant Boys' Suits of this fall's production sold at half price do not last long. Tardy buyers will miss the greatest chance of the season as Saturday night will positively end this sale

Here are the Bargains.

Lot 1—Boys' Suits that were made to sell at \$2.50, go at the bankrupt sale price of.....	\$1.15
Lot 2—Boys' suits that were made to sell at \$3.00, go at the bankrupt sale price of.....	\$1.50
Lot 3—Boys' suits that were made to sell for \$3.50, go at the bankrupt sale price of.....	\$1.75
Lot 4—Boys' suits that were made to sell at \$5 and \$6, go at the bankrupt sale price of.....	\$3.50
Lot 5—Boys' suits that were made to sell at \$6.50, \$7, go at the bankrupt sale price of.....	\$4.00

These are Knee Pants Suits, all sizes, 4 to 15 years.

JACOBY BRO'S

Good News Travels Quickly.

Our \$10 Men's Suits and \$10 Men's Overcoat Sale Has taken the town by storm.

Main Clothing floor, 130 and 132 North Spring Street. Suits and Overcoats displayed in center show window.

Never before has there been in the fore part of the fall season such great inducements offered.

MIND YOU

Suits that were made to sell at \$12.50, \$15 and \$17.50, and that merchant tailors will charge \$20, \$25 and \$30 for, we are selling at..... \$10.00

Until Saturday night this chance is open for you.

Men's Fine \$5.00 Fancy Worsted Trousers.

Pantaloons department, second floor—take elevator.

Only about 150 pairs of those imported Worsted Pants left. They are worth every cent of \$7.50, \$8 and \$10. Only one or two pair of a kind, nice and nobby patterns. We are selling them this week at..... \$5.00

JACOBY BRO'S

Marvelous Shoe Chances.

Several hundred pair of Johnston & Murphy's highest grade of Men's Finest French Calf Shoes, in several different toes, Congress and Lace styles, we have sold them before at \$6, \$7 and \$8, they are now on sale at the unprecedented low price of \$4.00

Shoe department, 128 to 130 North Spring street, through to Main.

Odds and Ends Sale In Ladies', Men's and Children's Shoes at half price.

Several thousand pairs of Ladies', Men's and Children's Shoes, odds and ends, and short lines. This is the greatest chance of the year to buy two pairs of shoes for the price of one. We re-enforce our Shoe Sale today with

500 sample pairs of Misses' and Children's Extra Fine Dongola Shoes with patent tips.

Children's Extra Fine Dongola Shoes, size 7, worth \$1.50, on sale at.....	75c
Children's extra fine Dongola Shoes, size 10, worth \$2.00, on sale at.....	\$1.00
Misses' extra fine Dongola Shoes, size 1, worth \$2.50, on sale at.....	\$1.25

Economy Shoe department, 132 North Main Street, through to Spring.

We solicit Mail Orders and guarantee full satisfaction. Every item in this sale is exactly as advertised. Money refunded for all goods returned which fail to please.

J. T. Sheward,

113-115 N. Spring St.

It is remarkable the way the dress goods sales are increasing. We have more than doubled the dress goods sales. We are working hard to treble them. Dress goods in the choicest designs and in the best qualities 50 and 54 inches wide for \$1 a yard. No wonder the dress goods trade has more than doubled. Yesterday we advertised a bargain in black dress goods. Before noon every yard was sold. They were a remarkable bargain. Today we offer as great a bargain in fine black goods in the grandest quality. This is a heavy, round English cord. The goods are 46 inches wide. The goods will be sold for \$1.50 a yard. Their real value is \$2.25. Just right for a tailor-made costume. For fine goods no bargain of this character has ever been offered before. Here is a fine 44-inch all-wool serge for 75c. This bargain in black goods should all be sold before night. Here is a much finer all-wool black serge 44 inches wide for \$1 a yard. They are from 25c to 50c a yard cheaper than these goods usually sell for. They are a great bargain. The widths are not exaggerated. We believe in truthful statements. Extra fine serge with a small, neat figure woven in the goods, 40 inches wide. The price \$1 a yard. No wonder our dress goods trade is more than doubling. We show over 300 different styles in all-wool goods for 50c a yard. They are all choice new goods. All of our last season's style are on the counter selling for one-half the original price. Great bargains. Nice desirable styles in double-fold goods for 25c to 40c a yard. We have the goods to suit all classes. We say to you candidly the profits have been cut in two, with the idea of trebling the dress goods sales. We have more than doubled them. We expect to treble them. Fine navy blue storm serges, 44 inches wide, 75c a yard. The only mistake we made about this quality we did not buy one-fourth the amount we should. It is one of the articles that opened up much better than we expected it would. You should see it today. We have received our new fall Cloaks, Capes and Furs. The Prince Albert Coats, the new Golf Capes, the full-sweep Fur Capes are all new and desirable. Cloaks are one of the articles that has been greatly reduced in price. We have cut the profits fully one-half. Children's Cloaks in the largest assortment at extremely low prices. Nice every-day Cloaks, \$1, \$2 and \$5. We are selling great quantities of these goods. Have you priced the new Millinery?

Special Sale

LADIES' BLACK SATEN SKIRTS.

Nellie—Where did you get your little girl's Hat and Coat? Mand—Why, I got it at I. MAGNIN & CO.'S, 237 South Spring street. Nellie—Well, that is one of the prettiest and loveliest Coats and Hats I have ever seen. I am just going down to get my little girl one before they are all gone. I hear they are selling very fast.

To the Ladies of Los Angeles—I. MAGNIN & CO. have just opened their immense new line of Children's Silk Hats and Caps, Children's Woolen Dresses in all the newest novelties and styles. We have also opened our line of Boys' Juvenile Clothing and Footwear. Also a complete line of Knitted Underwear, Ladies' Union Suits and Silk Underwear. We will quote a few of our prices of goods in different departments:



Children's Hats in all shades, in Surah or India Silks..... 85c
Children's Caps in Surah and India Silks, neatly embroidered or tucked, former price \$1.00..... 50c
Children's Woolen Dresses, as per cut, neatly trimmed with Velvet, Lace or Ribbon, former price \$6.00..... \$3.50
Children's Woolen Dresses, as per cut, in all shades, elaborately trimmed with Velvet or Silk, former price \$7, \$7.50..... \$4.50, \$5

Ladies, we have only quoted a few of our leads, which you can see by calling on us at our well known place of business, 237 South Spring street, between Second and Third.

SPECIAL FOR ONE DAY ONLY.

Ladies' Skirts, extra black Satene, extra wide, 9 inch knitted ruffle, trimmed with ribbon, our price 75c, sold elsewhere for \$1.00. Ladies, it is worth your while to come down and inspect our immense line of Ladies', Children's and Infants' Wear. Now is your chance to see new goods at

I. Magnin & Co. 237 S. SPRING.

I. Magnin & Co.

237 SOUTH SPRING ST.

Main stores, 848-850 Market st.; Factory, 30 Ellis st. San Francisco, Cal.



NEWS AND BUSINESS.

The Weather.

U. S. Weather Bureau, Los Angeles, Oct. 3.—At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 30.0; at 5 p.m., 29.8. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 60 deg. and 79 deg. Maximum temperature, 90 deg.; minimum temperature, 56 deg. Character of weather, clear.

Barometer reduced to sea level.

Preparatory to certain changes in my store and business, I have marked down nearly all lines of gentlemen's shoes to prices which ought to make them "go like hot cakes" among intelligent purchasers. William Gibson, No. 142 North Spring street.

The ladies of Los Angeles, Pasadena and Southern California are cordially invited to a military reception given by Miss M. A. Jordan, at No. 318 South Spring street, on October 5 and 6. No cards.

The friendly suit instituted last week between Immanuel Church and Lyman Stewart, to determine the validity of a church subscription, was abandoned yesterday, with the consent of all parties.

Mrs. Louise Potts will open the Y.W.C.A. class in dressmaking, cutting and fitting, at 5 p.m. Thursday, No. 107 North Spring street.

Hear Rev. A. C. Smith on "Astronomy," First Christian Church, Friday, October 5. Admission, 25 cents; children, 10 cents.

Kregels & Brees, funeral directors, corner Sixth and Broadway, Open day and night. Lady attendant, Tel. No. 243.

Visit the Arrowhead Hot Springs, the finest mountain resort on the Coast. See notice under "Leisure." Open day and night.

If you don't want a burned breakfast, cook it in an aluminum vessel. No. 222 South Broadway.

Do you want to buy a nice residence, furnished? See Dr. Williams, No. 137 South Broadway.

The Investor (G. A. Robinson, editor), published Wednesday. On sale at news stands.

School of Art and Design and Art Association gallery in Second street, corner Main. Manilla tiles, office fittings, hardware, lumber. H. Bohman, No. 614 South Spring.

Dr. M. H. Williams, No. 137 South Broadway. Head, throat and chest diseases. A large, well-lighted front room on the third floor of Times building for rent.

A. C. Broderick, Esq., removed his law office to Stinson block.

Mexican leather-carver, Campbell's Curio Store.

Dr. Loomis, removed to 3414 South Spring. Quinces, 1c per pound. Althouse Bros. Mountain berries at Althouse Bros.

The Fire Commission will meet this morning.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union telegraph office for H. Homan and Smith & Russell.

Wesley Clark has presented a communication to the City Council stating he will be unable to serve as a commissioner for the widening of a portion of Buena Vista street.

Judge R. M. Widney yesterday received a telegram to the effect that his son, R. M. Widney, Jr., injured in a railroad accident in Colorado, was not so badly hurt as was first reported. No bones were broken, and he is doing well.

Prof. S. M. Woodbridge, of the Agricultural Chemical Works, put up more than one hundred colonies of the rhizobium bacteria yesterday. He will take a number of colonies today to Pasadena, where parties who will call on him at the Hotel Green, after 3 p.m., may obtain them free of charge.

At a meeting of the Los Angeles Clearing-house held yesterday afternoon, the following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing year: L. N. Breed, president; F. C. Homan, vice-president; F. Towell, secretary and manager; John Miller, F. A. Gibson, J. Frankenberg, Clearing-house Committee.

PERSONALS.

William N. Ketchum of Chicago is registered at the Nadeau.

W. M. Fleming and wife of Paterson, N. J., are staying at the Nadeau.

General Manager K. H. Wade of the Southern California road, yesterday went out to Hartwood on a long inspection.

St. Van Kirk and wife of New York city are guests of the Nadeau. Mr. Van Kirk is an ex-alderman of the metropolis.

J. Duncan Smith, Edinburgh, Scotland; James Colquhoun, Clifton, Ariz.; Gordon Haig, San Gabriel, are negotiating for a English syndicate who are negotiating for a gold-mining property near Perris, Riverside county, are at the Nadeau.

POISONED CIDER.

Several Persons Made Sick by Drinking the Compound.

A case of what at first was claimed to be an attempt at poisoning occurred yesterday at one of the refreshment stands kept on the grounds where the toboggan slide is located. Early yesterday morning several people were taken very sick after drinking orange cider at the stand kept by a man named Falkner.

Falkner says he took a sample of the cider to a chemist on Main street whose name he does not remember and an examination developed the fact that the liquor contained tincture of opium and cyanide of potassium. He insists that some person must have put poison into the cider where the cider is kept, Monday night.

On the part of others about the grounds it is stated that there was scarcely any chance for any poison to be put in, for a nightwatchman is kept on duty there. The cider was kept in a galvanized iron can and the action of the acid on the iron probably caused the liquid to be impregnated with a poisonous compound.

The Toboggan.

The toboggan pavilion annex has just been completed, and booths are now ready for tenants. They are being taken by the midway attractions and others who wish them.

There was another large crowd at the toboggan last evening. In fact, the enclosure was packed up to the hour of closing, and at times it was so crowded that it was impossible to move around at all.

Treacherous Natives.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 2.—Telegrams have been received from Batavia, stating that a detachment of Dutch troops were led into an ambush set for them by the Balinese rebels on the island ofombok. A captain and lieutenant were killed and ten men were wounded. The troops were led into ambush by the treachery of natives, who were acting for the Dutch in the capacity of spies.

WE MAY BE LITTLE.

But we get there just the same. Baker's Aluminum Store, No. 222 South Broadway.

SIMMONS Liver Regulator has never been known to fail to cure all liver diseases.

See ENVELOPES, No. 34 read writing paper, No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

COUPON.

This will entitle the bearer to one copy of "Cathedral Hymns of Song," upon presentation at our office, and the payment of 25 cents. 100 pages of text, choice, popular, with music. THE TIMES, Times Bldg., First and Broadway.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Calumet Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE ORPHANS' FAIR.

IT IS MEETING WITH A LARGE PATRONAGE.

Many Attractive and Handsomely Decorated Booths in Charge of the Ladies—Other Good Attractions.

The Catholic Fair, for the benefit of the Orphans' Home, opened Monday night in the new Armory Hall. A large number of people were present, and the hall, lined on each side with elegantly decorated booths, which, being in charge of charming young ladies daintily gowned, presented a very attractive appearance. All manner of fancy articles, as well as useful ones, and both combined, can be found at the different tables. There is candy, and those inclined, and at the end of the hall, in the twinkling corner which bears the sign, "Rustic Inn," coffee and the lighter refreshments are dispensed in the evening by pretty girls attired in yellow and black Greenaway gowns, while at noon, from 12 o'clock until 2, a more substantial lunch is served. It is quite the fad for ladies to give luncheons to their friends, and this place, all for the sake of sweet charity.

Mrs. Mullen entertained yesterday, while today and Thursday Mrs. Mossin and Mrs. Murieta and Mrs. Coleman have invited guests, all for the sake of sweet charity.

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native of Michigan, also a resident of Pomona.

John F. Peterson, aged 29, a native of Norway, to Matilda Borg, aged 27, a native of the same foreign State, and both now residing in this city.

Thomas Bewick, aged 24, a native of England, to Annie Shinski, aged 19, a native of Illinois, and both local residents.

David P. Davies, aged 24, to Bessie S. George, aged 20, both natives of California and the former a resident of Long Beach, the latter residing at Ventura.

Republican Meetings.

Republican meetings were held last evening at Norwalk and Pico Heights, local speakers delivering addresses at both places. Tomorrow evening W. T. Williams will speak at Gardena.

TRIM SHOES MAKE TRIM FEET.

They Look Better, Wear Better and Feel Better.

There is good solid satisfaction and comfort in a pair of shoes that are just right. If they are shapely and well made, and reasonably correct in style, and they fit the feet, as they invariably will if they are bought in a house that caters especially to good trade, they will be worth a dozen pairs that fall in any of these important particulars.

They will not only look dresier, but they will actually wear longer and retain their genteel appearance to the very end. The Tyler Shoe Co., No. 144 North Spring street, makes a specialty of just this sort of goods. Just now it is offering them 33 1-3 per cent. less than established prices, simply to reduce stock before moving to its new store. In fact, the discount on some goods is much greater than that. Small sizes of ladies' 8 button shoes have been put down to 75 cents, and Russia leathers that sold for \$4.50 are now offered at \$2, while 2 1/2 Oxfords, with patent-leather tips, are going at \$1. It is a rare chance.

Boys' Shoes.

Real calf, lace or button, sizes 2 1/2 to 5, a good solid, sturdy shoe; at.....\$1.50

Boys' Shoes.

The famous Dugan & Hudson "Iron Clads," button or lace; price.....\$2.50

Youths' Shoes.

Real calf, button or lace, sizes 11 to 2, made by Lilly, Brackett & Co.; price.....\$1.75

Men's Shoes.

Real calf, welt sewed, congress or lace, one of our special leathers; price.....\$3.00

Men's Shoes.

Shall Cordovan, cork sole, hand-sewed, a \$7.50 shoe anywhere in the city; price.....\$5.00

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"Iron Clads"

School Shoes, Made by Dugan & Hudson, the Strongest School Shoe on this market.

We will take your shoes, no matter what you paid for them, and match their quality, leather for leather, stitch for stitch, at one third less price than you ever paid. Our shoes fit, and we have men who know how to fit shoes.

Children's Oxfords.

Fine Vic Kid, patent tip, spring heel, a beautiful little shoe; price.....\$1.15

Children's Shoes.

French kid, patent tip, spring heel, hand-turned, with patent leather heel, made by J. & T. Cousins, sizes 5 to 8; price.....\$1.25

Infants' Shoes.

French Kid, patent tip, hand-turned, sizes 2 to 5, made by J. & T. Cousins; reduced from \$1.25 to.....\$1.00

Boys' Shoes.

Real calf, lace or button, sizes 2 1/2 to 5, a good solid, sturdy shoe; at.....\$1.50

Boys' Shoes.

The famous Dugan & Hudson "Iron Clads," button or lace; price.....\$2.50

Youths' Shoes.

Real calf, button or lace, sizes 11 to 2, made by Lilly, Brackett & Co.; price.....\$1.75

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Shoe Values Remarkable.

Prices which Cannot fail to Attract Attention.

Shrewd shoe buyers understand the worth of such imperial makes of shoes as Wright & Peters, John Foster and Dugan & Hudson, and when we offer them at special sale at prices one-fourth to one-third less than current rates, it means a SHOE CHANCE, that's what it means.

Ladies' Shoes.

Made by Wright & Peters, hand-turned, congress, opera or square toe; at.....\$4.50

Ladies' Shoes.

Made by Wright & Peters, cloth top, hand turned, button or lace, the peer of any \$5 shoe in the city; price.....\$4.00

Ladies' Shoes.

Made by Reynolds Bros., lace, blucher cut, hand-turned. Instead of \$4.50 are.....\$3.50

Ladies' Shoes.

Vic Kid, patent tip, cloth or kid top, one of the most serviceable shoes made; price.....\$2.50

Ladies' Shoes.

Ladies' Black Overgaiters. Children's long Jersey Button Leggings.....\$1.50